

Agents of Change:

the story of the Nursing Now campaign



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To mark 2020, Year of the Nurse and the Midwife, Jhpiego, Nursing Now, and the International Council of Nurses, hosted the global NursingInFocus photo contest to highlight the impact, influence, and diversity of nurses across the world. Some of the over 2,000 entries are featured in this report and you can find out more about this contest here: https://yearofthenurseandmidwife.org/

Preface

The COVID-19 pandemic has revealed the extraordinary debt that we all owe to nurses and other health workers. Nurses across the world have played a crucial role in the COVID-19 response and have brought their expert clinical skills and compassion to all settings – in the community advising and providing support and information, in primary care and hospitals caring for the sick and the dying and working in the most stressful intensive care environments. Now it is time to invest in the nursing workforce and develop a global culture in which nurses' contribution to healthcare is truly valued.

We have been privileged to be part of the Nursing Now campaign and have seen for ourselves the passion, energy and activity it has generated in countries all around the world. Nurses make an enormous contribution to achieving universal health coverage and improving health globally and could do even more with the right resources and support.

Nursing Now was designed to improve health globally by raising the profile and status of nurses and this report shows that this is happening in many countries with new services, new investment and new energy. The Year of the Nurse and the Midwife and the publication of the first ever *State of the World's Nursing* report have added to the momentum. In addition, the publication by the World Health Organization (WHO) of the Strategic Directions for Nursing and Midwifery sets the direction for the next decade and focuses on jobs, leadership, pre-service education and practice.

This is only the beginning. We must all build on the step change created by the Nursing Now campaign to secure continuing and sustainable improvements in the future.

We are grateful to Nursing Now's Executive Director, Barbara Stilwell, and her colleagues for everything they have done for the campaign, and to the Burdett Trust for Nursing who have hosted Nursing Now.

It is what happens locally in communities, cities and countries around the world that is, of course, of most importance and we congratulate and thank everyone involved in this campaign in all parts of the world for your great work now – and in the future.



Lord Nigel Crisp, Co-Chair, Nursing Now Campaign Board



Professor Sheila Tlou, Co-Chair, Nursing Now Campaign Board



Dr Tedros Ghebreyesus Adhanom, Director General, World Health Organization



Annette Kennedy, President, International Council of Nurses

Report summary

The story of the Nursing Now campaign is of nurses and their allies coming together around the world, growing in influence, and building a platform for improving health and health care for the future. There are now more than 800 independent and self-funding Nursing Now groups in 126 countries and more than 31,000 young nurses and midwives have participated in the Nursing Now 'Nightingale Challenge'.

Many governments and health leaders have responded: 24 countries have invested more in nursing in response to the campaign, more than 800 employers have set up development programmes for young nurses and midwives, and there are now many more nurses on boards and in positions of influence.

There is global momentum and energy, and change is underway – driven by the passion and skills of nurses and accelerated by social media and digital technology, which connect nurses to each other and offer them a platform to share their messages.

The core message of this report, and the whole Nursing Now campaign, is that nurses are vital agents of change who can improve health and transform health care. Governments that want to see health improvements reaching every part of their populations – and leaving no one behind – need to invest in nursing and enable nurses to work to their full potential. This report shows that all governments and health leaders must understand and act on this message.

The Covid-19 pandemic has made nurses even more visible at the heart of every health team. Nurses have been with their patients at every step of the way – from the community to intensive care – providing intimate, personal care and looking after mental and physical well-being. They have innovated and adapted – as true agents of change – working alone and with colleagues in multidisciplinary teams to find solutions to the new problems that Covid has presented.

But Covid has also reminded us that nurses are too



often under-valued and their work taken for granted, unable to make their best contribution. The experience of the pandemic should serve as a spur for action. All governments and health leaders now need to respond by investing in nurses, providing good working conditions and environments, strengthening education and support, and enabling nurses to take on wider roles as service designers and leaders, practitioners and specialists, and agents of change in health care and in public health.

Last year's *State of the World's Nursing report*¹ and the World Health Organization's (WHO's) newly published *Strategic Directions for Nursing and Midwifery*² set out clearly the challenges that have resonated with nurses, and also what needs to be done to ensure that more nurses are recruited, properly educated and kept in the workforce. The newly launched Care Compact,³ marking the WHO Year of Health and Care Workers, recognises the responsibilities that countries have to their health

¹ World Health Organization (2020) State of the World's Nursing 2020, Geneva: World Health Organization, https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/9789240003279

² World Health Organization (2021) *Strategic Directions for Nursing and Midwifery*, 2021-2025 Geneva: World Health Organization. https://www.who.int/publications/m/item/global-strategic-directions-for-nursing-and-midwifery-2021-2025

³ World Health Organization (2021) 'Year of Health and Care Workers 2021', https://www.who.int/campaigns/annual-theme/year-of-healthand-care-workers-2021



and care workers. As this report shows, many countries are already investing in nursing and others need to follow if they want to make rapid, cost-effective and high-quality improvements in health.

Strengthening nursing will strengthen the whole health team and the whole health and care system. It is one of the most important things that can be done to improve health globally.

The Nursing Now campaign

The aim of the Nursing Now campaign was to improve health globally by raising the status and profile of nursing; and it is a health campaign as much as it is a nursing one.

The campaign originated with a report from a group of UK parliamentarians in 2016 entitled *Triple Impact*, which argued that strengthening nursing would make a major contribution to three Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs): improved health, greater gender equity and economic development.⁴ The campaign was launched in February 2018 and the Burdett Trust for Nursing included the campaign as part of its activities and provided the majority of core financial support throughout. The campaign was run in association with the WHO and the International Council of Nurses (ICN).

The campaign was designed to be inclusive, avoiding duplication of effort and welcoming organisations and individuals from nursing and beyond as allies and partners. The campaign did not represent nurses as the ICN does, and national groups did not seek to set standards as WHO does. Rather, the focus was on the impact nurses have on health and society and to strengthen their role as leaders, service designers and advocates – true agents of change for improvement.

The campaign was vision-led and entrepreneurial, learning by doing, and designed to encourage activity and enterprise at every level – from the most local to the global. It identified areas for development including advanced practice, research capacity, leadership development, education and, of course, investment, rather than specifying top-down targets. It was keen to

4 All-Party Parliamentary Group on Global Health (2016) *Triple Impact: How developing nursing will improve health, promote gender equality and support economic growth,* London: APPG on Global Health, http://www.appg-globalhealth.org.uk/reports/4556656050



avoid imposing specific models of nursing on countries and recognised that everyone has something to teach and something to learn. Its definition of nursing was deliberately inclusive: nurses were defined as people who have had a professional education and are registered in the country where they work.

Nurses and their allies responded magnificently. A Tanzanian group set up the first Facebook page even before the campaign launched and people from 126 countries followed with their own initiatives. The first national group to be founded was Uganda in early 2018, followed soon by Jordan, and the last was Saudi Arabia in January 2021. In between were many remarkable campaign launches: the Koreans attracting 5,000 nurses to a meeting; the Russian Minister of Health speaking to 2,000 nurses in a webinar; and the Pakistan President committing £130 million of investment at the country's Nursing Now campaign launch. And every one of the local, national and regional groups was self-supporting.

The 'Nightingale Challenge' was launched in 2019 as a challenge to all employers of nurses to provide development opportunities for young nurses and midwives. More than 800 employers responded, evenly split between the public and private sectors. More than 31,000 young professionals have been involved, with India leading the way with about 8,500 young nurses signed up.

There have been global achievements, for example: advocating for 2020 to be the Year of the Nurse and the Midwife; successfully working with the WHO and the ICN to research and publish the first ever *State of the World's Nursing* report;⁵ and, with our partners, raising the profile and contribution of nursing within global policies in areas such as universal health coverage, non-communicable diseases, gender equality and primary care.

5 World Health Organization (2020) *State of the World's Nursing 2020*, Geneva: World Health Organization, https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/9789240003279



However, the most remarkable achievements have been national, where Nursing Now groups have influenced policy and investment in many countries. Sixty-three groups report increased investment in nursing during the campaign, with some evidence that in 24 countries investment was directly influenced by local Nursing Now groups. There has been an increase in nurses in leadership positions, as Chief Nursing Officers and on boards, who are able to exercise greater influence in shaping policy and service delivery. Nurse-led clinics, particularly for non-communicable diseases, nursebased primary and community care, nurse specialists, nurse practitioners and nurses in public health are all playing a vital role in countries where they have been developed and employed.

The campaign went online when the Covid-19 pandemic struck in 2020. This played an important global role in linking nurses together, enabling them to discuss the difficult issues they were dealing with, share ideas and support each other. Partnerships have blossomed and there is a greater sense of global solidarity. While the achievement of the goals of some Nursing Now groups was disrupted by the pandemic, the pandemic has demonstrated the value of nursing and the importance of future development and investment.

The combination of global, national and local action has created a social movement with energy, momentum and enormous reach. It has been immeasurably helped by social media and digital technology, bringing people together, creating digital communities and enabling anyone anywhere to spread ideas and innovation and start their own campaign for local and global improvements in nursing. It has also brought nurses together, sometimes for the first time, built confidence and strengthened links with partners and allies outside of nursing.

Agents of Change - influence and actions



806 employers in **79** countries provided development opportunities for **31,498** nurses and midwives





Nursing Now group successfully lobbies for **1,400 new nurses** in Thailand. Other countries achieve staff increases.



In **24 countries**, groups say Nursing Now campaign contributed to increased investment in nursing. Pakistan pledges \$171m and scholarships for nursing.



Innovation in health care. Country examples include improving access to care for stroke patients in Ghana through a new telehealth rehabilitation platform.



Care for mothers and newborns improved in Uganda as a result of Nightingale Challenge leadership training for nurses and midwives. Shaping the future of nursing with the Strategic Directions on Nursing and Midwifery.

World leaders, including the Pope, welcome 2020 as the Year of the Nurse and the Midwife,

Nightingale

Challenge

ICN Congress,

June.

Investing in the Power of Nurse Leadership report by Intrahealth, Nursing Now and J&J published at Women Deliver Conference in Vancouver, June.

World leaders, including the Pope, welcome 2020 as the Year of the Nurse and the Midwife, January. 129 groups in 126 countries and over 30,000 Nightingale CHallenge participants by end 2020. Agreement on transfer of groups to ICN and Nightingale Challenge is renamed the Nursing Now Challenge.

2021

Nurses Together, season of advocacy February - April.

2019

449 Nursing Now groups in 110 countries by the end of 2019. 2020

WHO State of
the World'sNu
campVursing report in
partnership with
ICN and Nursing
Now published
April.on

Nursing Now campaign reaches a global audience through an online programme of conferences and webinars.

Global Footprints, end of campaign conference, May. Agents of Change, Nursing Now final report with recommendations for further action, May.









Building the future

Nursing Now was conceived as a three-year campaign designed to make a step change, and build the energy and momentum for future change, in the perceptions, status and profile of nursing.

Sustainable long-term change in nursing will take a generation or more, as hierarchies are broken down, attitudes towards women change and a new and more holistic understanding of health takes hold in the population. Nurses will be at the forefront of all these changes – demonstrating by their actions and their values how health and society can be improved in the future.

The Nursing Now story is not just one story, but many individual and collective stories, linked together locally, nationally and globally. Developments in different parts of the world will be different and take place on different timescales. But the campaign has created a new global solidarity, allowing greater interchange of partnerships, ideas and mutual support. And many Nursing Now groups, with their ability to bring together diverse organisations – nursing and non-nursing – for a common purpose, will continue to operate into the future.

The Burdett Trust for Nursing has agreed to support the Nightingale Challenge, renamed as the 'Nursing Now Challenge', for another two years and to plan for its future thereafter. The challenge has developed a remarkable network of young professionals who can work together to influence the future.

Both the WHO and the ICN have played vital roles in the campaign and they have significant roles in continuing to develop nursing.

The WHO has published the new *Strategic Directions for Nursing and Midwifery*,⁶ which follows on from the publication of the *State of the World's Nursing* report,⁷ and will determine its strategy for the next decade. It has also launched the 'International Year of Health and Care Workers 2021'.⁸ Meanwhile the ICN is building links with many of the Nursing Now groups, to maintain the momentum, energy and impact of the campaign.

The Covid-19 pandemic has dominated our world for the past year and will influence its shape for the future. It has made the work that nurses do – from work in the community to the most intensive of care – visible to the wider public, and there is some evidence that nurses have become more respected and valued⁹. It has also revealed the dangerous and difficult situations in which so many nurses work and demonstrated beyond doubt how important their role is to us all.

This report describes the Nursing Now campaign. It is not an evaluation. That will have to come later when the true impact of the campaign can be assessed and when some of the young nurses who have participated in the Nightingale Challenge have become local, national and global leaders.

Agents of Change does, however, demonstrate, how nurses and their allies have created an extraordinarily powerful platform from which to improve health and develop nursing. It can offer enormous hope for us all for the future.

8 World Health Organization (2021) 'Year of Health and Care Workers 2021', https://www.who.int/campaigns/annual-theme/year-of-healthand-care-workers-2021

⁶ World Health Organization (2021) Strategic Directions for Nursing and Midwifery, Geneva: World Health Organization.

⁷ World Health Organization (2020) *State of the World's Nursing 2020*, Geneva: World Health Organization, https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/9789240003279

⁹ See for example https://dailynurse.com/frontline-providers-during-the-covid-19-pandemic-respect-and-admiration/

Recommendations keeping up the momentum

The Nursing Now campaign has generated tremendous energy from nurses and their allies. They have truly come together as agents of change. It is critical at this pivotal moment, as the world turns its attention to rebuilding health systems for the future, that nurses do not lose this momentum.

It is also vital to use the raised awareness, created by the Covid-19 pandemic, of what the world owes to health workers in general, and nurses in particular, to make the changes that nurses have long been arguing for: improved employment conditions, better regulation, strengthened education and research, and far greater investment in developing the profession.

This report sets out a specific set of key actions for five groups that have a fundamental role to play in the future in improving global health. No health system can function without a wholly enabled health workforce. As the largest group of health professionals, with the greatest reach in society and the highest level of population trust, nurses and midwives offer a resource that can deliver the sustainable development agenda. However, this will only be so if decisive action is taken now to realise this potential and by those sectors whose priority it is to achieve improvements in population health, health equity, social inclusion, planetary health, gender equality and economic growth. For nursing and nurses, it can no longer be 'business as usual' but nursing included in all policies.





Nurses and midwives are urged to:

- Be confident and creative agents of change equipped with the ability to frame and position health issues in the wider context of politics, national priorities and demographics, to provide data-driven solutions and to engage with leaders, political authorities and allies outside the nursing and midwifery professions.
- Work with each other, breaking down divisions between the different professional specialities and organisations, to create a common perspective and

shared voice for advancing the professions and improving health.

 Use data to lobby politicians and policy makers for the investment that is needed to develop the nursing profession, based on the recommendations of the WHO's Strategic Directions for Nursing, and Midwifery including decent working conditions, a fair salary, lifelong learning opportunities, a career path and adequate staffing ratios.

Employers should:

- Recognise the key role that nurses can play in designing and delivering services for their patients and the public and create the opportunities for them to do so through inclusion in policy formulation and representation.
- Ensure nurses are part of their board and all senior management entities that plan and manage services.
- Provide decent working conditions, education and support as necessary, adhering to the International Labour Organization's conventions on decent work and implementing the WHO's Strategic Directions for Nursing and Midwifery.
- Sign up to the Care Compact, proposed as an action by the International Year of Health and Care Workers 2021. The Care Compact will protect health workers' rights, decent work and practice environments.

Education bodies need to:

- Develop their curricula to recognise the full extent of nurses' roles in health care, disease prevention and health creation.
- Adopt a model which recognises that education is informative (about knowledge and skills), formative (about professional traits and behaviours) and transformative (about leadership and influence) and develop transformative leadership skills in upcoming

generations of nurses so they can be agents of change for the improvement of health and health care.¹⁰

 Promote nursing as a subject embedded in science, technology, engineering and mathematics (STEM), recognising that it is a science-based profession that solves complex health issues with individuals, families and communities.

10 Frenk J, Chen L, Bhutta ZA, Cohen J, Crisp N, Evans T, et al Health professionals for a new century: transforming education to strengthen health systems in an interdependent world. Lancet. 2010 https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/21112623/



Governments and international bodies need to:

- Commit to implementing the recommendations in the WHO's Strategic Directions for Nursing and Midwifery.
- Recognise the key role that nurses can play in both designing and delivering services for their population and create the opportunities for nurse-led services, particularly for non-communicable diseases and in primary and community care, specialist nurses, nurse practitioners and nurses in public health.
- Ensure that there is a Chief Nursing Officer and that nurse leaders are part of all policy formulation, planning and management boards within the system and that they are enabled to bring their perspective and experience to play in decision making.
- Provide the investment and the environment that will enable nurses to play these roles to the full, ensuring good working environments and conditions, appropriate education and regulation, and adequate funding for education and employment.
- Work towards gender equality at all levels of the health system, ensuring that all nurses have opportunities for promotion, equal pay for equal work and freedom from harassment at work.
- Sign up to and be accountable for implementing the proposed Care Compact with the WHO, which will protect health workers' rights, decent work and practice environments.

The WHO and the ICN are urged to:

- Continue the momentum that has been built through the Nursing Now campaign by supporting the Nursing Now groups that have been established with learning activities and opportunities for sharing good practice and disseminating research.
- Support competency-based leadership development through existing and new initiatives, especially for Chief Nursing Officers and young nurses.
- Engage member states and Chief Nursing Officers in formulating a Care Compact to ensure decent work for nurses, including a fair salary and good working conditions.
- Gather and analyse data to prepare State of the World's Nursing reports at regular intervals to monitor global trends and ensure that more nurses are recruited, educated and retained to work in decent jobs.

Acknowledgements

Nursing Now became a vibrant campaign because of the support and efforts of many people around the world. We are particularly grateful to our Royal Patron, Her Royal Highness The Duchess of Cambridge, who has given generously of her time, especially during the time of the pandemic, to support nurses across the world, with empathy and understanding.

Among our champions we are honoured to have Her Royal Highness Princess Muna Al-Hussein of Jordan who is a long time supporter of nursing and we are so grateful for all that she has done to support the campaign.

We were fortunate, in 2019, to engage our Ambassador, Emilia Clarke, who has given her time generously to the campaign and we offer huge thanks.

Throughout the campaign, the WHO and the ICN have been staunch partners, with Dr Tedros Adhanom Ghebreyesus personally engaged and particularly strong support from James Campbell, Director of the Health Workforce Department, at the World Health Organization (HWF/WHO) and Elizabeth Iro, WHO Chief Nursing Officer. The ICN President, Annette Kennedy, Howard Catton, ICN CEO have been excellent allies. We thank our partners most sincerely for all that you have done for the campaign.

Without the Burdett Trust for Nursing (BTFN) this campaign would not exist and we thank especially Mr Alan Gibbs, Chairman of the BTFN Board, and Ms Shirley Baines, CEO of the BTFN who have provided consistently strong support to the campaign.

We are grateful to everyone who has given their time and expertise to make the campaign successful. You have made it possible to reach across the globe to nurses everywhere and unite them in a common vision for a stronger and more visible nursing workforce that will be able to make a real difference to health and well-being.

We thank you all for your support for Nursing Now and hope that you will continue to be allies for nurses and advocates for greater investment in nursing.

Nyr / Cup

Lord Nigel Crisp Professor Sheila Tlou Co-Chairs of the Nursing Now Campaign Board.

Nursing Now Campaign Board members 2018-2021

Lord Nigel Crisp (Co-Chair) (United Kingdom) Professor Sheila Tlou (Co-Chair) (Botswana) Baroness Mary Watkins (Alternate Chair) (United Kingdom) Dr Adelaida Zabalegui Professor (Spain) Srinath Reddy (India) Dr Kanjana Chunthai (Thailand) Dr Claudia Regina LaSalva (Brazil) Dr Assad Hafees (Pakistan) Dame Christine Beasley (United Kingdom) Professor Elizabeth Adams (Ireland) James Campbell (Switzerland) Annette Kennedy (Ireland) Professor Maureen Bisognano (USA) Munashe Livion Nyika (Zimbabwe) Rosemarie L. Josey (The Bahamas) Sarah Walji (Canada) Professor Rowaida Al-Maaitah (Jordan) Dr Francis Omaswa (Uganda) Shirley Baines (United Kingdom) Dr Shin Kyung-Rim (Republic of Korea) Professor. Jill White (Australia)

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